

European Training Foundation

Introduction on the state of play at EU level with focus on how ALMP delivery and up/reskilling have been adapted since the outbreak of COVID-19

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Hilde Olsen, DG EMPL, PES Network Secretariat

Training to prevent inactivity

- *Supporting the anticipation and development of future skills, with the aim of employment preservation (LU)*
- *Combining training and short-time work or combining training and the receipt of unemployment benefit*
 - *Low level of evidence on the take-up of training by STW beneficiaries. Some countries promote training of workers covered by short-time work schemes (DE, FR, NL, NO, IT, SI)*
- *Subsidising apprenticeship places within VET systems and training measures for low-skilled youth*
 - *New schemes to support companies to hire apprentices (DE, FR)*
 - *Training courses for low-educated young people (FR, NO, IT)*

Adaptation of delivery and learning methods

- *E-learning courses, hybrid training offers and mechanisms to determine content of training*
 - *Increased range of offers (FR)*
 - *Focus on the needs of SMEs (BG)*
 - *Adaptation of contracting conditions (DE)*

ALMPs targeted on labour market needs

- *Training for gaining digital skills*
 - *PES have different systems of skills governance in place and thus mechanisms to determine training contents vary*
- *Training and career transitions for gaining green skills*
 - *Preparing PES staff to provide counselling and career advice to promote occupational mobility (FR, RO)*

Thank you for your attention!

You can find the full report here:

[PES Knowledge Centre](#)