Implementation of Demand-Oriented Labour Market Analysis Instruments and the National Forum on Future of Work in Egypt

Taskforce on Labour Market Information

Employment Promotion Project, Egypt

8 November 2022

Overview: Employment Promotion Project (EPP3) (2020-2023)

Main political partner:

Egyptian Ministry of Education and Technical Education (MoETE)

Goal:

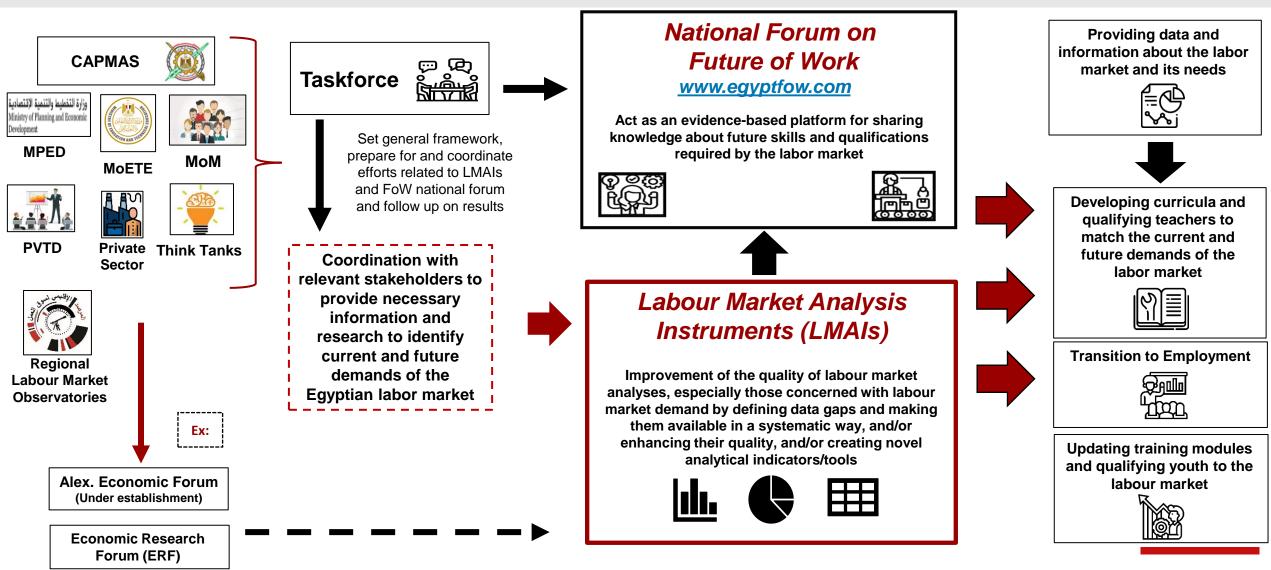
Improve quality of technical education reform pillars (TE 2.0) Facilitate labour market-oriented transition of technical education students from school to employment

Support technical education graduates' access to labour market

EPP's approach towards labour market information (LMI):

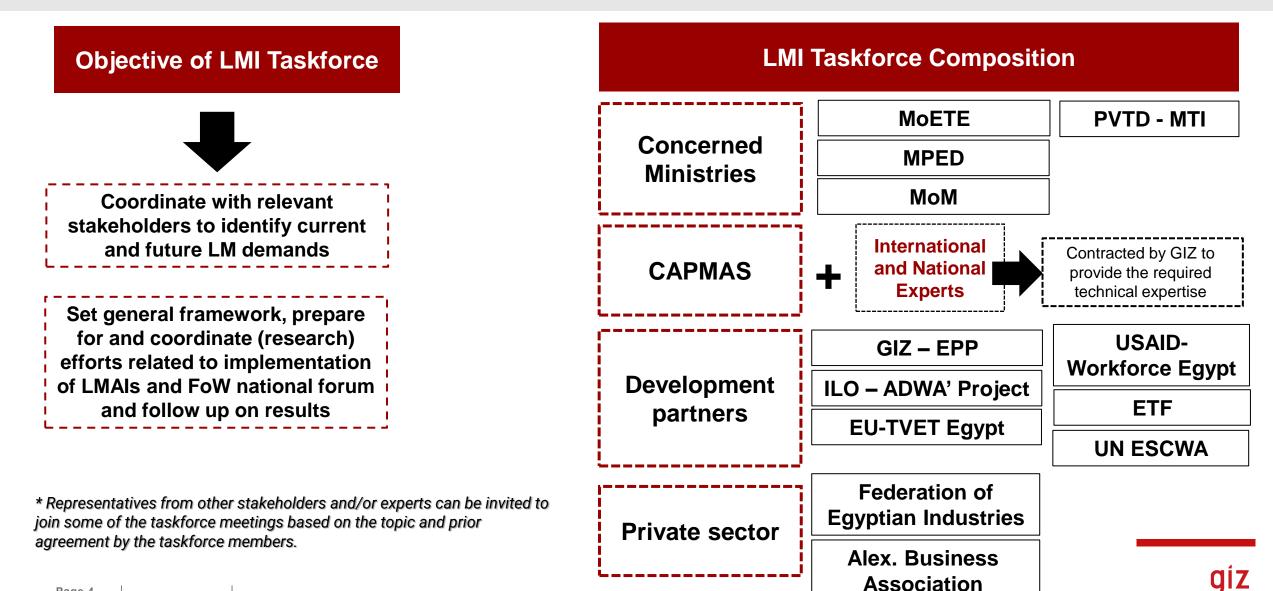
- Strengthen the evidence-base of good quality and updated LMI, particularly about the <u>demand side</u>, through a collaborative approach to
 - Improve relevant policymakers' access to updated and reliable information
 - Enhance the effectiveness of the career advisory and employment services offered to technical education students and graduates, respectively

Joint LMI Taskforce Concept



Labour Market Information (LMI) Taskforce: Objective and Composition





Labour Market Analysis Instruments (LMAIs): Objective and (Proposed) Instruments



Main Goal: Improvement of the quality of labour market analyses, especially those concerned with the demands of the labour market with a focus on technical education, by defining the gaps in the data and indicators of the labour market and making them available, and/or enhancing their quality, and/or creating novel analytical indicators/tools.



- Providing an integrated and updated overview for decision-makers and concerned authorities on LM and its needs.
- Providing students and job seekers, especially of TE, with information on employment and challenges in LM.
- Contributing to meeting the current and future requirements of the private sector.
- Contributing to improving the availability of LMI on future demands of the LM.

First LMAI: Egypt Occupational Outlook (Web-interface)

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Design and Implement "Egypt Occupational Outlook"



- Provides multi-faceted information about many occupations, including rates of growth of employment and wages, skills requirements, typical entry-level education, and necessary experience, industry concentration, and projected trends. It allows for the ranking of occupations by growth rate, median wages, wage growth.
- Egypt Occupational Outlook shall present data from the Labour Force Survey – in the form of different indicators – to allow different users (e.g. individuals, companies and decision makers) to get more information about certain occupations.
- The information will include both quantitative indicators describing employment and wage trends as well as qualitative information describing the occupation, the tasks it involves, and the qualifications required for it.
- Through the outlook, users shall be able to make queries about different aspects of these occupations, rank, filter, etc. such as: occupations by pay, projected growth rate, growth rate of employment, among others



Hosted by Ministry of Planning Economic Development



عدد ان عانمه المعلى ع تعرف السكرتارية بأنها احد الوظائف التي تقوم بمساعدة كافة الادارات و المدراء و الثمور المكتبية من أجل أداء جميع المهام المطلوية المدراء المدراء و ذلك ما يضمن أداء المهام في الوقت المحدد لها و بتكلفة أقل و يمكن تعريف السكرتيرة بأنه هو الشخص المسئول عن مساعدة مديره و أداء كافة الأعمال الروتينية نيابة عنه من حفظ المعلومات

عن المهنة وظيفتهم الاجر معدل النمو بيانات المحافظة والمنطقة مهن مماثلة معلومات اخرى

عدد الوظائف	67473	متوسط ساعات العمل في الأسبوع	44
معدل نمو الوظائف	فوق المتوسط	متوسط ساعات العمل في الأسبوع للإناث	76
النسبة من إجمالي المشتغلين	<1%	متوسط ساعات العمل في الأسبوع بالقطاع العام	27
معدل نمو الأجر في السنة	أعلى من المتوسط	متوسط ساعات العمل في الأسبوع بالقطاع الخاص	73
متوسط الأجر الشهري	p. ₂ 1941	نسبة العمل بأجر	%99
متوسط الأجر الشهري للذكور	2500 ج.م	نسبة المشتغلين بدون أجر	%1
متوسط الأجر الشهري للإناث	1657 ج.م	نسبة المشتغلين بصفة رسمية	%49

First LMAI: Egypt Occupational Outlook (Web-interface)

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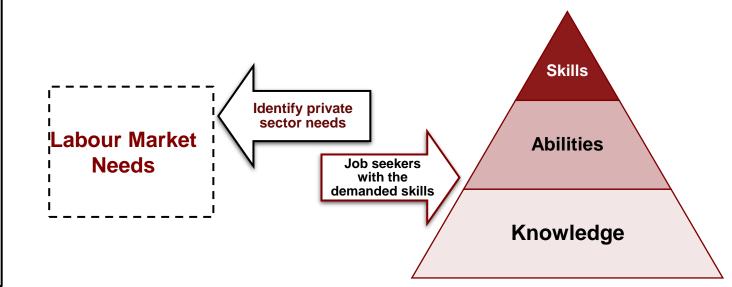
Integrating occupational employment projections into Egypt Occupational Outlook

Objective: Produce occupational employment projections for Egypt for the year 2030, including the total number of jobs expected in each occupation from 2019 to 2030 as well as projected annual average growth rates.

Occupation	Job Creation from 2019 to 2030 in '000s Av.			Annual <u>Proj</u> . Browth Rate
	2015-19	MOPED	2015-19	MOPED
Production and operations department managers in				
agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	848	818	38.1	37.8
Production and operations department managers in				
personal care, cleaning and related services	29	19	27.1	23.3
Statistical and finance clerks	18	23	15.9	17.9
Garbage collectors	28	32	16.1	17.0
Farm-hands and laborers	339	37	17.1	16.8
Drivers of animal-drawn vehicles and machinery	38	42	13.6	14.2
Insulation workers	4	3	15.1	14.2
Wood and related products assemblers	2	3	11.7	13.7
Vehicle, window and related cleaners	10	9	13.9	13.1
Poultry producers	80	76	13.4	13.1
Technical and commercial sales representatives	9	8	13.9	13.1
Medical assistants	23	37	10.0	12.9
Pharmaceutical- and toiletry-products machine operators	13	17	10.9	12.9
Physiotherapists and related associate professionals	1	2	8.8	11.8
Child-care workers	10	17	8.5	11.4
Employment agents and labor contractors	43	38	12.3	11.4
Pre-primary education teaching associate professionals	1	2	8.3	11.3
Wood-products machine operators	19	26	8.9	10.9
Travel guides	5	6	10.5	10.7
Shoemaking- and related machine operators	8	11	8.5	10.5
Travel consultants and organizers	3	4	10.0	10.2
Incinerator, water-treatment and related plant operators	17	20	9.2	10.2
	5	20	9.2 8.1	10.2
Sugar production machine operators Dentists	5 15	8 26		
Dentists	15	20	7.1	10.1



- Scenario 1: Analysis of data on skills, abilities and knowledge from currently implemented surveys by CAPMAS (the <u>Employment, Wages and Hours of</u> <u>Work (EWHW) Survey and the Labor Force Survey</u> (LFS))
- Scenario 2: Relying on an international standard (e.g. <u>O*NET</u>) as a benchmark for <u>expected</u> knowledge, abilities and skills requirements as a first step, and then verifying them later by conducting FGDs with relevant stakeholders.



Support in the update and digitization of the Employment, Wages and Hours of Work Survey (EWHW) conducted by CAPMAS

Main focus of the Employment, Wages and Hours of Work Survey Estimating the number of workers in the public/public business sector and estimate the number of private sector workers and average weekly cash wages in EGP according to:

Sector

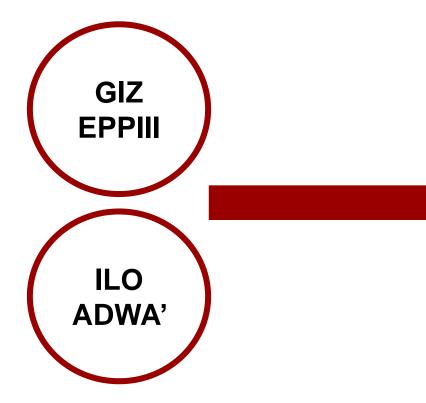
Economic Activity
Geographical distribution
Occupational Outlook
Gender
Job security

Collecting data on vacant and required jobs in public/public business and private sector enterprises during the last 12 months.

Estimating the number of foreign and special-needs workers in public/public business and private sector enterprises Estimating the number of workers subscribed to social insurance in public/public business and private sector enterprises

giz

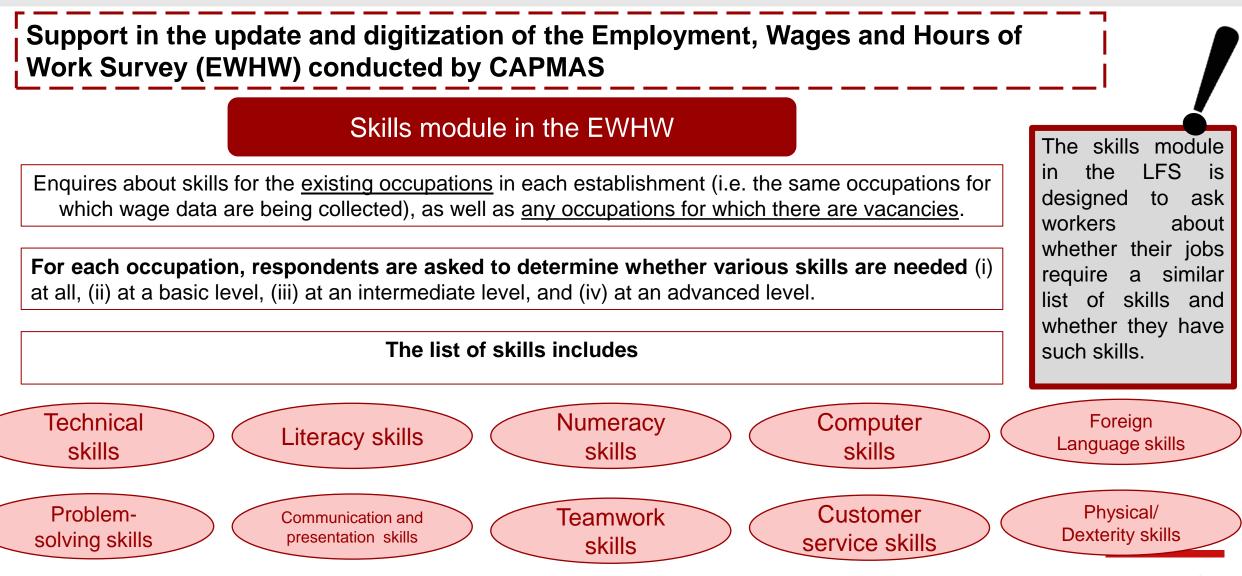
Support in the update and digitization of the Employment, Wages and Hours of Work Survey (EWHW) conducted by CAPMAS



Support in the enhancement and digitizing of the EWHW data collection process (particularly those related to training and the delivery of tablets, higher remuneration for higher quality data (collected).

Designing a skills module in both the EWHW (establishments) and the LFS (households). These skills modules will be harmonized across the two data sources to elicit similar information on skills from both the demand and supply sides.





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Projecting education and skill requirements in the future through the integration of O*NET data into the Egypt Occupational Outlook

Projecting skill requirements requires two necessary components

- First, a reliable projection of occupational employment is needed, which should be one of the outcomes of the updated Egypt Occupational Outlook LMAI.
- Second, a reliable way to link each occupation with the education and skill requirements for it is needed.

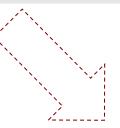
The matrix recommended is provided by the O*NET database in the U.S. The O*NET database has the advantage of extremely detailed skill (abilities, knowledge, and skills) requirements per occupation

The O*NET mapping is being used to identify the most needed *future* skills per occupation (e.g. treating O*NET as a map of what skills will be needed in Egypt in coming decades).

Third LMAI: Vacancy Barometer (Indicators)





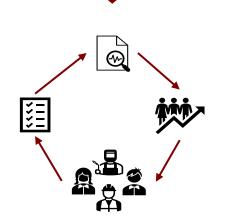


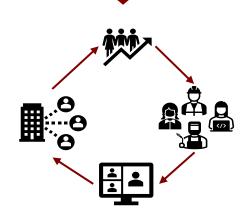
Scenario 1: Analyzing available data and indicators about vacant jobs from current surveys - Employment, Wages, and Hours of Work (EWHW), or Labour Force Survey, or others.

Scenario 2: Analyzing near real time data from online

job vacancy portals, such as the ETF Online Job

Vacancy (OJV) Data System (Big Data)



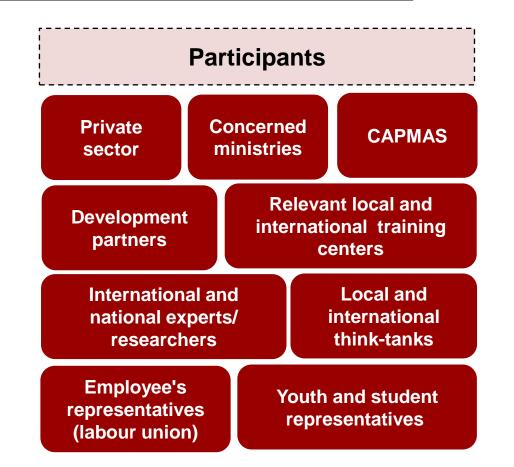




Main Goal: Act as an evidence-based platform for sharing experiences and knowledge about future skills and qualifications required/demanded by the Egyptian labor market and sensitizing relevant stakeholders on the topic of FoW.

FoW National Forum The Forum is to serve as an **evidence-based platform for knowledge sharing and exchange** on essential topics identified to better understand the Egyptian LM, with a special focus on TE.

It intends to disseminate the LMAIs, discuss promising sectors and occupations for the future, indicate current and future skills requirements by the LM as well as discuss the impact of global and regional trends on Egypt's labour market.



First National Forum on the Future of Work (13.03.2022)















Second National Forum on the Future of Work (March 2023)

