

The NQF Evolution, Governance and Implementation

**The Namibian Experience** 

**ACQF Peer Learning Webinar 8** 

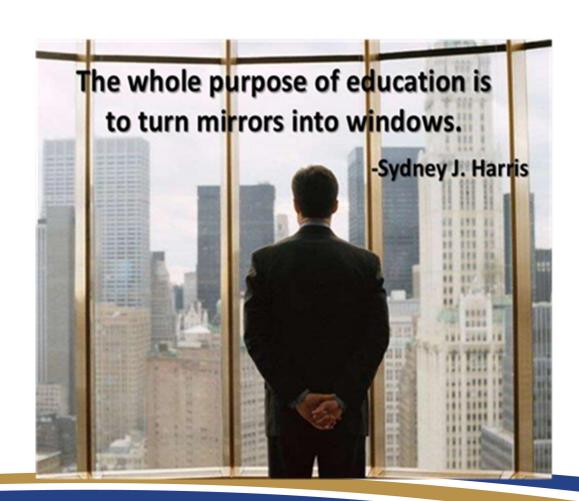
3 June 2021 - Session 3

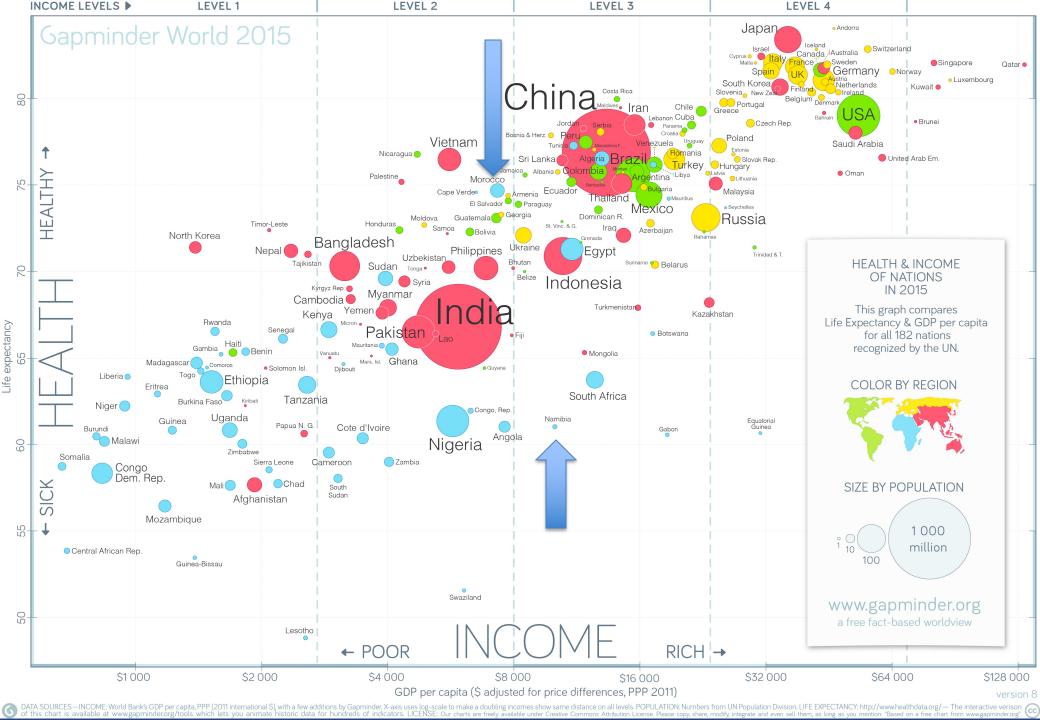
Mr. Franz Gertze



# Purpose of Education and Training

- Education and Training is about people, planet, profit (sustainability)
- The purpose of Education and Training is to prepare the mind and the citizen
- Sidney Harris: The Whole purpose of education is to turn mirrors into windows
- It is developmental
- Changing







# Wealth and Health

"A competitive society is one which achieves a dynamic equilibrium between wealth creation and social cohesion"

Prof. Stephane Garelli, Editor, World Competitiveness Handbook, 1995



# Changing

- Technological change = making the improbable possible
- Political change = market and labour mobility
- Generational change = less conformist, more individualist
- Business change = companies like 'tents, not pyramids'\*
- Demographic change = more older workers
- Life expectancy = impact on health costs
- Innovation in education = making skills more accessible
- CBET = Competent and Performing nationals



## Higher Education Megatrends & Issues

- Purpose debate
- Funding
- Autonomy and Control
- Relevance
- Outcomes of Learning
- Demands by the World of Work
- Economical dictates
- Employability
- Technology
- Knowledge-based economies
- Academic freedom
- Demand and supply





# Higher Education: Megatrends



### Globalisation

Free movement of goods and services including education and training affects decisions that have to be made

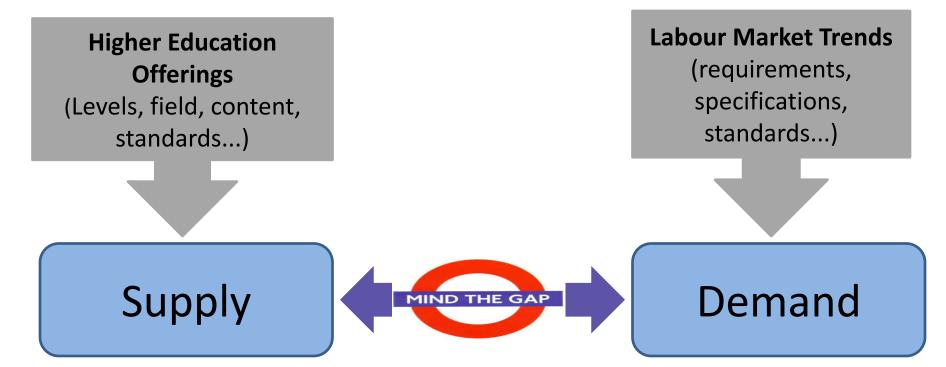
- Increased demand for placement:
  - Differentiation
  - Privatisation
  - Consumerism
  - Internationalisation
  - Massification
  - Quality Assurance
  - Qualifications Frameworks





Is there a GAP and how do we BRIDGE it?









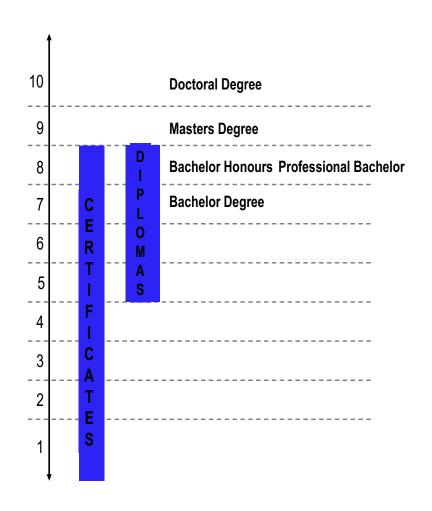
- Reform
- Communicate
- Quality assurance
- Articulation



# The QF Globally

# Architecture include common aspects

- ✓ Levels
- ✓ Level descriptors
- ✓ Description of learning outcomes
- ✓ Assessment methods
- ✓ Credit systems
- ✓ Quality assurance systems



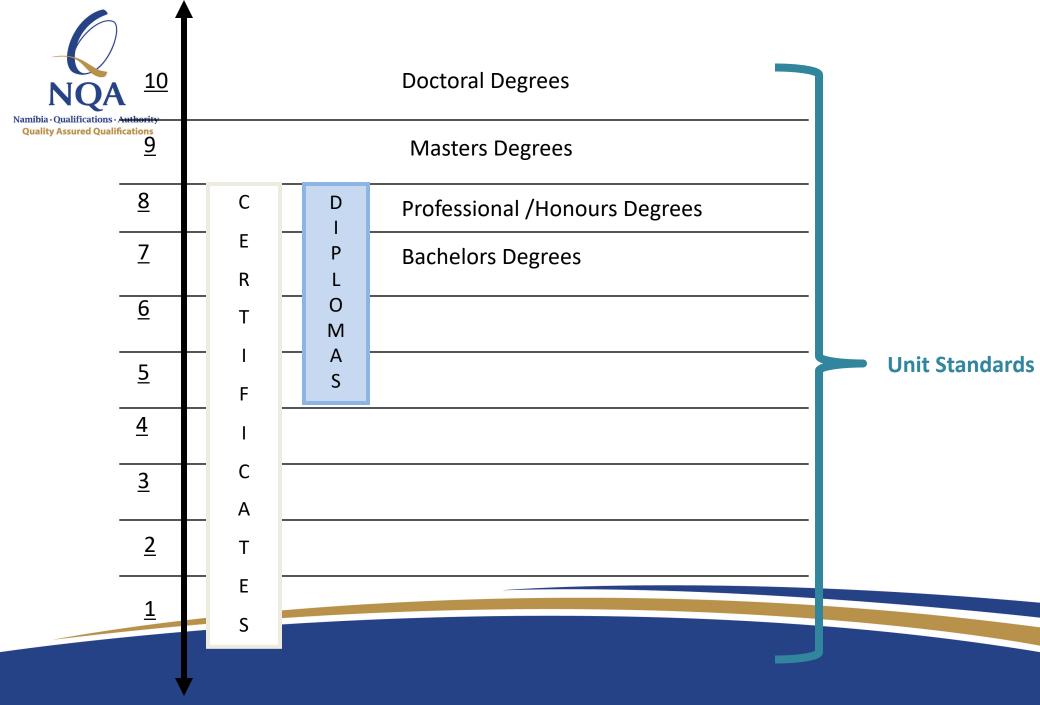


# The National Qualifications Framework

### Principles of the NQF

- \* Competence
- \* Credibility
- \* Flexibility
- \* Access
- \* Articulation
- \* Portability
- \* Relevance

- \* Integration
- \* Coherence
- \* Standards
- \* Legitimacy
- \* Progression
- \* RPL
- \* Lifelong Learning





# Approaches to Quality in Certification

### NQF

- has ten levels (with level descriptors)
- unifying mechanism
  - express value of different qualifications
  - enhance acceptance of qualifications
  - defines/specifies characteristics of qualification types
  - makes provision for articulation
  - express fields of learning
  - provides for a common currency
  - facilitate determination of equivalencies



### Differentiating Qualifications Types

### **Certificates**

Represent a minimum 400hrs of learning or 40 NQF Credits -40 NQF Credits must be at or above the Level of certification

### **Diplomas**

1200hrs of learning effort (120 NQF Credits)

Minimum of 720 hrs (72 NQF Credits) at the Level of certification Registered from Level 5 and above



### Differentiating Cont....

### B. Degrees

720hrs of learning effort must be at Level 7 60% of full year of full study must come from Level 7

### Honours & Prof Bachelor:

Requires 1200hrs of learning effort at Level 8

**Masters:** 

Requires at least 2400hrs at Level 9 complexity Considerable evidence through

research result

### **Doctoral Degrees**





# Standards Setting











Accreditation



**Skills Development** 

**Education, Training and** 





Moderation

**Assessment and** 



Certification



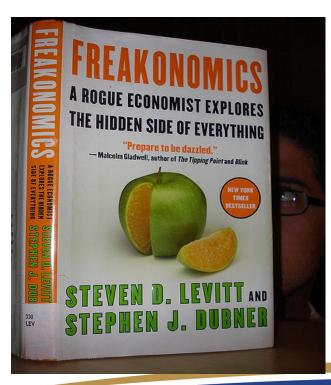


**Evaluation and Validation** 



# Quality has no single Definition

### The Hidden Side of Everything



### **Multiple Dimensions of Quality**

- Customer Driven
- Relevance
- Time
- Cost / Economic
- Technology
- Gender
- Political
- Continuous improvement



**Product Based** 

# Approaches to Quality

| Transcendent approach                    | Innate Excellence (Rolex, MB) |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Education for Life, transcend            | Temper proof,                 |
| compartments, form linkages, transparent | Total experience, consistent, |

Manufacturing based

Design and development

**User-based** 

Learner- Centered, Nation focused

**Outcomes** based

Value Based Standards, benchmarked

Free of Errors

curricula, textbooks, trainers, learnings,

Fit for Purpose for User

qualification title, NQF level Employability, meaningful

Assessment statistics, Tracer studies, surveys

assessment, certification, records, evaluation,

Measurable set of Characteristics

Cost and Price

Funding, affordable and useful





Clarification

• Regulations



# Legal Context

### Education and Training is governed by

- The Constitution
- Education Act
- NQA Act
- Vocational Education and Training Act
- Higher Education Act
- Namibia College of Open Learning Act
- University Act
- National University of Science and Technology Act



# Council's accountability

- A body established by the Namibia Qualifications Authority Act (Act 29 of 1996)
- Statutory body and a State-Owned Enterprise
- Governance (Size, Accountability, Reporting, Resourcing, Independence)
- Administered by a Secretariat (Credible, expertees...)



# The NQA Mandate

### The Objects of the NQA are to:-

- a. Set up and administer a NQF;
- b. Be a forum for matters pertaining to qualifications;
- Set up occupational standards for any occupation or position in any career structure
- d. Set the curriculum standards required for achieving the occupational standards;
- e. Promote the development of, and to analyse benchmarks of acceptable performance norms for any occupation, job or position;



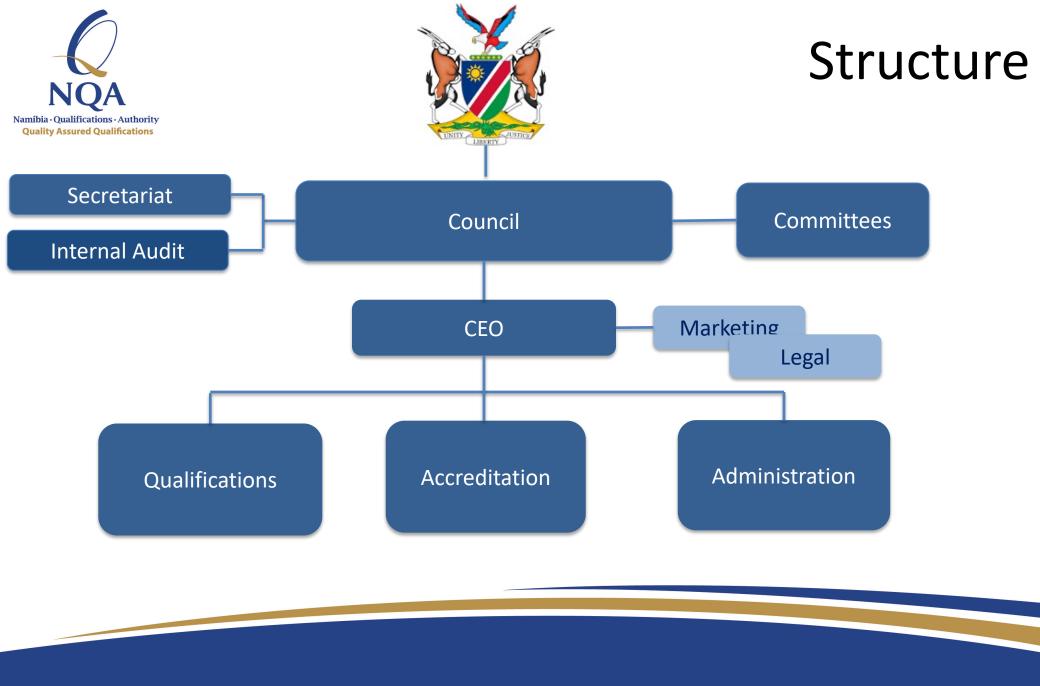
# The NQA mandate

- f. Accredit persons, institutions and organisation providing education and courses of instruction or training of meeting certain requirements;
- g. **Evaluate and recognise** competencies learnt outside formal education;
- h. Establish facilities for the collection and dissemination of information with regards to qualifications;
- Enquire whether qualifications meet national standards;
- j. Advise on matters pertaining to qualifications.



### **Council Committees**

- Executive Committee
- Qualifications Committee
- Accreditation, Assessment and Audit Committee
- Human Resources Committee
- Finance Committee
- Risk and Audit Committee







# Global and reputable authority empowering people





To sustain a dynamic national framework that assures quality qualifications through recognition of learning

Namib Qua

### **NQF** Objectives





### Single, Integrated Framework



Access, Mobility, Progression



**Quality assurance** 



Communication and Redress



Personal/ Social/
Economic development
of lifelong learner and
nation







